STROBE Statement—checklist of items that should be included in reports of observational studies

Comparison of the setting of the s		Item No.	Recommendation	Page No.	Relevant text from manuscript
Introduction Background/rationale 2 Explain the scientific background and rationale for the investigation being reported 2 In "Introduction"	Title and abstract	1	(a) Indicate the study's design with a commonly used term in the title or the abstract	1	•
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Bias 9 Describe any efforts to address potential sources of bias 3-4 In "Data collection"	Data sources/ measurement	8*	For each variable of interest, give sources of data and details of methods of assessment	4	In "Data analysis"
	Bias	9	Describe any efforts to address potential sources of bias	3-4	In "Data collection"

Study size		10 Explain how the study size was arrived at	3	In "Patient Selection"
Quantitative	11	Explain how quantitative variables were handled in the analyses. If applicable, describe which	4	In "Data analysis"
variables		groupings were chosen and why		
Statistical	12	(a) Describe all statistical methods, including those used to control for confounding		
methods		(b) Describe any methods used to examine subgroups and interactions	4	In "Data analysis"
		(c) Explain how missing data were addressed		
		(d) Cohort study—If applicable, explain how loss to follow-up was addressed		
		Case-control study—If applicable, explain how matching of cases and controls was addressed		
		Cross-sectional study—If applicable, describe analytical methods taking account of sampling		
		strategy		
		(\underline{e}) Describe any sensitivity analyses		
Results				
Participants	13*	(a) Report numbers of individuals at each stage of study—eg numbers potentially eligible, examined		In "Figure 1"
		for eligibility, confirmed eligible, included in the study, completing follow-up, and analysed		
		(b) Give reasons for non-participation at each stage		
		(c) Consider use of a flow diagram		Figure 1
Descriptive data	14*	(a) Give characteristics of study participants (eg demographic, clinical, social) and information on		Table 1, 2 e 3
		exposures and potential confounders		
		(b) Indicate number of participants with missing data for each variable of interest		
		(c) Cohort study—Summarise follow-up time (eg, average and total amount)		
Outcome data	15*	Cohort study—Report numbers of outcome events or summary measures over time		
		Case-control study—Report numbers in each exposure category, or summary measures of exposure		Table 1, 2 e 3
		Cross-sectional study—Report numbers of outcome events or summary measures		
Main results	16	(a) Give unadjusted estimates and, if applicable, confounder-adjusted estimates and their precision		Table 2, 3 e 4
		(eg, 95% confidence interval). Make clear which confounders were adjusted for and why they were		
		included		
		(b) Report category boundaries when continuous variables were categorized		
		(c) If relevant, consider translating estimates of relative risk into absolute risk for a meaningful time		
		period		

Continued on next page

Other analyses	17	Report other analyses done—eg analyses of subgroups and interactions, and sensitivity analyses		Table 4
		Discussion		
Key results	18	Summarise key results with reference to study objectives	7-9	In "Discussion"
Limitations	19	Discuss limitations of the study, taking into account sources of potential bias or imprecision. Discuss	7	
		both direction and magnitude of any potential bias		
Interpretation	20	Give a cautious overall interpretation of results considering objectives, limitations, multiplicity of	7-9	In "Discussion"
		analyses, results from similar studies, and other relevant evidence		
Generalisability	21	Discuss the generalisability (external validity) of the study results	7-9	In "Discussion"
Other informati	on			
Funding	22	Give the source of funding and the role of the funders for the present study and, if applicable, for the		
		original study on which the present article is based		

^{*}Give information separately for cases and controls in case-control studies and, if applicable, for exposed and unexposed groups in cohort and cross-sectional studies.

Note: An Explanation and Elaboration article discusses each checklist item and gives methodological background and published examples of transparent reporting. The STROBE checklist is best used in conjunction with this article (freely available on the Web sites of PLoS Medicine at http://www.plosmedicine.org/, Annals of Internal Medicine at http://www.annals.org/, and Epidemiology at http://www.epidem.com/). Information on the STROBE Initiative is available at www.strobe-statement.org.